



India's GI Tags: The Unique Origins!

Q1. What is a Geographical Indication (GI) tag?

Q2. Visit the provided website (ipindia.gov.in/index.htm) and find three products from India that have GI tags. Write down the name of the products and the geographical location they originate from. (*Note: They should not be the same as given in Your 'My Ninth Safety Workbook'*)

1) Product:

2) Product:

3) Product:

Origin:

Origin:

Origin

Q3. True or False: Determine if the following statements are true or false. Write "T" for true and "F" for false.

- a) Geographical Indications (GI) Tags are not a form of intellectual property rights.
- b) GI Tags identify products as originating from a specific geographical location.
- c) Darjeeling Tea is a GI-tagged product from Sikkim.
- d) GI Tags are primarily used to promote and protect the cultural heritage of products.
- e) Nagpur Oranges are GI-tagged products from Maharashtra.
- f) Kanjeevaram Silk Sarees are GI-tagged products from Karnataka.
- g) GI Tags have no economic significance for the regions they represent.
- h) Channapatna Toys are GI-tagged products from Karnataka.
- i) Mysore Sandalwood Oil is a GI-tagged product from Karnataka.
- j) Bhagalpur Silk is a GI-tagged product from Bihar.

Q4. Choose the correct option.

Which region of India has been granted the Geographical Indication (GI) tag for its saffron, cultivated and harvested in the Karewa (highlands)?

- a) Punjab
- b) Kerala
- c) Jammu and Kashmir
- d) Tamil Nadu